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SOVIET DRIVES HARD ON TRIESTE AREA

Lord Nathan Arrives In Nanking

Nanking, Sept. 18.—Lord Nathan, the British Minister of Civil Aviation, arrived here this afternoon by air from Hong Kong to confer with the Ministry of Communications regarding the recently concluded Sino-British air transport agreement.

With the aid of experts who came with him, Lord Nathan will work out with Chinese officials in the next few days the details of the projected new air services between China and British ports.

It is believed that British airlines plan to use services to this country with both flying boats and land planes.

Under the agreement, British aircraft may land at Kanton, Canton and Tientsin in addition to Shanghai, while Chinese airlines may carry traffic to London, Frankfurt, Geneva, Singapore, Jesselton, Labuan and Hong Kong.

Additionally, they will be allowed intermediate stops in Canada and the United States, French and Dutch air lines run regular services to this country. (Reuter).

Soong To Govern Kwangtung?

Nanking, Sept. 18.—Informants said today that ex-Premier T. V. Soong will formally be confirmed as Governor of the Kwangtung Province next Tuesday at the regular Executive Yuan meeting.

Soong recently donated his entire holdings and shares in the China Development Finance Corporation as relief funds for Kuomintang members who had fallen in the war against the Japanese and Chinese Communists.

He did not reveal the worth of his shares but Chinese sources previously estimated they were worth approximately CN\$200,000,000,000.

Soong made this move after vociferous demands by the Kuomintang Party members that the Party's wealthy members contribute their riches for constructive projects. (Associated Press).

Jap Town And Two Villages Buried

Tokyo, Sept. 18.—A town and two villages were buried yesterday afternoon by landslides at Mount Akagi in Gumma prefecture, Central Honshu, the Japanese newspaper Yomiuri reported this morning.

In the town of Talo, 82 persons were killed and 113 injured when more than 100 houses were crushed under dirt and sand.

The villages of Shikishima and Akagino were virtually buried, killing a total of 100 and injuring 72; the newspaper added.

The latest report on the flood damage released by the Japanese Kyodo News Agency sets the number of dead at 772, 163 injured and 2,017 missing.

The United States Eighth Army authorities reported this morning that in Tochigi prefecture, north of Tokyo, 110 persons are dead and 1,424 missing.

Tochigi prefecture suffered the heaviest casualties next to neighboring Gumma prefecture, where 683 were killed.

Relief.

The Japanese Home Ministry today requested the United States Government for immediate emergency funds of 200,000,000 yen—US\$4,000,000 under the army conversion rate—for the rehabilitation of broken river banks.

Fears are felt for 5,000 villagers, 15 miles north of Tokyo, who were isolated by swirling waters.

Concern also was felt for some 20,000 miners in the Ashio copper mines in the Tochigi prefecture, due to landslides which cut all roads to the mines.

Agriculture and Forestry Minister Rikizo Hirano told the Diet that the floods had ruined 5,000,000 bushels of rice crops and also 10,000,000 kan (approximately 8½ pound to one kan) of sweet potato crops.

Alert.

Troops of the First Cavalry Division were placed on emergency alert today in Tokyo in anticipation that the crest of floodwaters might reach the capital's northeastern edge within hours. The Division GHQ announced today. (United Press and Associated Press).

Sweden Has Her Doubts Of Russia



Sweden has her doubts of Russia too. Here are some of the men she is maintaining on her frontier. Inset is the man who controls them (C-in-C Jung).

U.S. Food Credits For U.K.?

London, Sept. 18.—American experts are exploring the possibility of extending food credits to Britain as stop-gap aid before the Marshall plans takes effect, an authoritative American source said today.

The informant said American experts are trying to determine whether this could be done without waiting for Congress to convene.

He declined to say whether the Commodity Credit Corporation would be the medium nor would he elaborate otherwise.

He indicated the Americans already discussed the possibility with Britain but the Food Ministry and the Treasury disclaimed all knowledge of it.

The U.S. Secretary of Treasury (Mr. John Snyder) may touch upon the subject when he talks with Food Minister John Strachey.

Mr. Snyder hopes to see Mr. Strachey before he (Snyder) leaves for Paris and Berlin on Saturday but no formal appointment has been made.

Mr. Snyder will call on Sir Stafford Cripps (President of the Board of Trade) tomorrow. (United Press).

Soviet Repat. Ship Sets A Problem

Shanghai, Sept. 18.—The whereabouts of the 10,000-ton Soviet repatriation ship "Ilyich" remained a mystery today, with the Chinese authorities saying the ship is anchored beyond Woosung Point and Soviet sources insisting the ship is still in Vladivostok.

The Shanghai office of the Foreign Ministry reported earlier this week that the "Ilyich" arrived at Woosung Point where the Whangpoo enters the Yangtze 14 miles outside of Shanghai.

The office now states the "Ilyich" is about 10 miles beyond Woosung, just outside Chinese territorial waters.

The Chinese Government forbade the ship to enter port because previously she violated Chinese shipping laws by transporting passengers from Japan to Shanghai.

The Government indicated the "Ilyich" would be detained if she came up the Whangpoo. The Shanghai authorities insisted the repatriation ship which is scheduled to pick up a load of Soviet citizens on Sunday, radiated the Shanghai quarantine service two days ago when she was told no pilot would be sent out.

Over 1,000 repatriates are waiting to board the ship. The Chinese authorities said the repatriates would be welcome to go by other ships. (United Press).

U.N.O. To Discuss Soviet Drive On Greece

RUSSIAN REPLY TO
MARSHALL AWAITED

Flushing Meadows, New York, Sept. 18.—The Steering Committee of the General Assembly of the United Nations decided last night, in spite of the Soviet and Polish opposition, that the Assembly shall discuss the United States resolution on the "threats to the political independence and territorial integrity of Greece."

The Committee also approved a proposal to set up a special committee, on which all members of the Assembly will sit, to make recommendations to the Assembly on the report by the special committee which investigated and reported on the Palestine situation.

The Steering Committee decision to set up a committee to deal with the question of Palestine only was unanimous. The official title of this committee is "The Ad Hoc Committee on the Palestine Question."

Mr. Trygve Lie, the Secretary General of the United Nations, said that he had already received several requests from organizations to be heard by the United Nations on the Palestine problem.

In its discussion, the Steering Committee made it clear that the Palestine Committee will have the status of a main committee, and will not be subordinated to any other United Nations committee.

It will be responsible only to the General Assembly.

Marshall Plan

Russia was generally expected today to reject U.S. Secretary of State Marshall's proposal for new UNO peace machinery and to make a stubborn—but probably future—fight in defense of its full veto rights over the world security issues.

Leaders of all the UNO Assembly delegations are awaiting with keen expectation of Russia's answer to the American proposition, which calls for the creation of a special new security committee by the veto-free General Assembly.

The American delegation asked UNO Secretary General Trygve Lie last night to put the scheme on the current agenda.

The answer was scheduled to be filed by Deputy Foreign Minister Vishinski either today or in the immediate future.

Presumably the exact time of his promised speech to the General Assembly was dependent upon the receipt of fresh instructions from Moscow.

Rally

Many of the small nation delegations appeared to be rallying to support the American plan and, while the nations of France and Britain were yet to be disclosed, diplomats indicated that they would go along with the United States.

What may prove to be a first test vote on the American moves to get around the Russian veto (as it is used on the Security Council) came last night in a meeting of the General Assembly Steering Committee.

Up for a decision was an American proposal—in line with the Marshall speech—that the assembly should consider and act upon the Greek-Balkan dispute.

Andre Gromyko, Russian committee member, argued against this proposal, contending that the assembly action would only further aggravate the differences between Greece and her Soviet satellites—Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Albania.

American delegate Warren Austin replied that if Russia wanted the Greek case struck from the Assembly's agenda, Gromyko could go before the full Assembly with his demand and "take the consequences of a vote."

When the Steering Committee voted, Russia lost a count of 32 to 24 in favor of the American proposal.

Proclamation

"People of Viet Nam! To avoid bloodshed among my compatriots, I renounced the throne of my ancestors. Since you wished to entrust the destiny of the country to new rulers, I decided voluntarily to withdraw myself.

"I abdicated and went into exile so as to avoid being an obstacle to the new experiment which you thought would bring you happiness.

"From the foreign land where I am living, I followed at times with hope, often with sadness, the developments of our history.

"I am well aware of all your hopes, your fears, your wishes and your sufferings. In spite of the dictatorship which forbids freedom of speech, I today hear your appeal and cries of distress. You have revealed to me the whole picture of your miseries and have ordered me a full account of our beloved Viet Nam after two years of experience during which your rulers have exercised absolute power.

"Thus, gradually, my hopes of happiness vanished—hopes which the cunning propaganda of a new ideology caused to rise in your hearts for a moment.

"In your distress you come to me. You appeal to my authority to restore to our country, devastated by war and torn apart by internal strife, a real peace between free and equal states and an internal place for full security.

Ho Chih-Minh

Meanwhile, a United Press message says the Shao Tse in a dispatch from Hong Kong, claimed today that the French authorities in Indo-China have captured and beheaded Ho Chih-minh, Vietnamese leader.

The dispatch did not mention when and where the capture and execution occurred but claimed that the French had captured the leader in a battle with the Viet Minh forces. (AP) BAQ DAI.

**Bao Dai Willing
To Assume Power**

In a proclamation to the Viet Nam people, ex-Emperor Bao Dai yesterday officially accepted the Viet Nam delegates' request to assume power and negotiate with France for Viet Nam's independence and unity.

The former Emperor told the people that he was ready to negotiate with France through her highest representative in Viet Nam, High Commissioner Emile Bollaert, and to arrive at an agreement with whom he shall examine in all objectivity the propositions which have been made to us.

"My foremost aim is to obtain independence and unity in accordance with our aspirations and to arrive at agreements on reciprocal guarantees so as to assure the complete achievement of the ideal for which we have so valiantly struggled with fierce resistance.

"Then, I shall exert the full weight of my authority to mediate in the conflict which has put you on against the other because once our goal is attained nothing can stand in the way of a return to peace.

"The peace, fostering prosperity and security, which I shall give you shall be maintained.

"Time will calm down your passions. With all Viet Nam peoples united, we shall rebuild our beautiful country on new foundations drawing strength from the powerful traditions of our ancestors. (BD) BAQ DAI."

China Money Market Makes A Jump

Shanghai, Sept. 18.—The Central Bank of China's "open market" rate took a CN\$2,000 jump this morning with the United States dollar quoted at CN\$42,000 buying and CN\$43,000 selling.

Sterling was quoted at CN\$123,500 buying and CN\$120,500 selling, while the Hong Kong dollar was fixed at CN\$1,700 buying and CN\$1,800 selling.

The latest depreciation of the Chinese dollar, however, failed to influence the stock market where prices dropped appreciably.

Market observers attributed the slump to the renewed rumors that an American loan was imminent as a result of the Chinese Foreign Ministry's talks with the Secretary of State, Mr. George Marshall, in New York.

Another factor in the market decline was reported to be due to the nervousness over the Communist threat to start disturbances in the areas south of the Yangtze River.

The United States dollar rose to \$45.00 in the black market today. (Reuter).

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THE CHOICE FACING BRITAIN Means Of Renewing

Scientists In Charge Of Empire Defence?

London, Sept. 17. Official quarters here tonight declined confirmation of a London evening newspaper report that the Committee of Imperial Defence—the supreme instrument of Services' direction—had drafted plans for the defence of the Empire as a unit of the atomic age.

The report, published in the "Evening Standard," suggested that the old divisions of the Services into land, sea and air might disappear and give way to what would virtually be a compact force of scientists.

Atomic force has, of course, entered into all international defence study, and a recent official White Paper made it clear that future defence would have to be related to atomic development.

Britain by now has doubtless had the benefit of the considered views of many of her experts, but nothing is known in political quarters of a cut and dried plan.—Reuter.

Uproar In Parliament At Canberra

Canberra, Sept. 18. Opposition leader Robert Gordon Menzies presented a motion of no confidence in Prime Minister J. B. Chifley's Government yesterday.

He challenged the Government at the opening of a new session of Parliament over its policy of nationalising Australia's private trading banks, asking whether the Prime Minister to give the people an opportunity to vote on the policy.

Mr. Chifley refused to submit his proposed legislation to a referendum, maintaining that the Government under the Constitution had complete power over banking in Australia.

Uproar followed the Prime Minister's remarks. Mr. Chifley immediately adjourned the House until today.—Associated Press.

Socialists Prefer Independence

Prague, Sept. 17. The Czechoslovak Socialists—the party of Dr. Eduard Benes, President of the Republic—today refused to join the "Socialist Unity bloc" formed last Saturday by the Communists and Social Democrats.

The party, in a statement to-night, demanded the continued cooperation of all parties within the existing Government coalition to fulfil the two-year plan and overcome the present difficulties caused by the drought.

The party is Liberal-Radical rather than Orthodox Socialist, and is the second largest party in the Constituent National Assembly, winning 55 seats at the 1946 election as compared with the Communists' 140.

The statement said: "The present difficulties cannot be mastered by discord, but by the collaboration of all parties of the People's Front (the present Government coalition). The free Republic could not continue to develop in the present close atmosphere."

The Czechoslovak Socialist Party is prepared to negotiate with all parties. Nobody should be excluded from the negotiations. "We wish to remain an independent political entity, not

Atom Scientist's Grim Picture

London, Sept. 17. Forty-two-year-old Professor N. F. Mott, one of Britain's most brilliant atomic scientists, declared today that England could never hope to defeat Russia by herself in an atomic war. He added that his scientific colleagues and the British public would soon have to start making the decision whether to align Britain with America against Russia or to put faith in an international authority along the lines suggested in the Lilienthal report.

Prof. Mott said the only importance an alliance between Britain and America would have for Britain would be a deterrent effect great enough to prevent war to establish a Pax Americana.

"In an alliance with America, nothing that country could do would have as if war should break out against a power capable of occupying the Channel ports and equipped with atomic bombs. Fifty of these missiles launched with V-2 weapons in the present state of development could kill a quarter of the population of London and make the city uninhabitable."

Regarding the decision of what to do with plutonium when British production builds up a large stockpile, Prof. Mott said he was sure the military would urge the manufacture of bombs rather than peacetime developments.

Bomb Argument

He said the bomb argument was this:

1. Britain could threaten retaliation against any power that might use them against her.
2. They would strengthen the hand of the Foreign Secretary in international affairs.
3. If Britain did not have them, she would have to renounce her position as a great power.
4. The bombs would be effective weapons against any attempt at a seaborne invasion involving the use of harbours.

Prof. Mott then unfolded the argument against the bomb:

U.S.S.R. Or Germany

"The only countries against whom we could either use or threaten the use of atomic bombs in the foreseeable future are the U.S.S.R. or possibly a resurgent Germany... now it is entirely unrealistic to suppose we can even consider atomic warfare with Russia with any chance of success without full American support; even on the doubtful assumption that we would have a greater supply of bombs, we are infinitely more vulnerable. The Russians could do us more harm with ten bombs than we could do them with a hundred."

"But if we have an alliance

with America, it is obviously preferable for military reasons that bomb production should be concentrated in their less vulnerable continent, just as it was in the war which has just ended. This is almost certain to be the view of the Americans themselves."

Fateful Decision

Prof. Mott suggested an alternative solution that Britain, when her project for atomic energy ceased to be secret, could carry on her peacetime research in collaboration with the countries of Western Europe and "indeed, any country that was willing to work in the open."

"We could let it be known that we were making no stockpile of bombs with which to attack anyone and we could give the Russians and everyone else the opportunity to come and see that this was so."

"The citizens of this country may well have to decide which of these policies is the right one; whether the moral lead which the peaceful and open development of atomic energy would give outweighs the confession of military weakness which it entails. Such a matter cannot be decided on scientific grounds alone."

Prof. Mott's essay was distributed today to all atomic scientists and will serve as a basis for discussion at their Oxford conference on Sept. 20.—United Press.

Advance In British Issues

London, Sept. 17. A promising start was made to the new account but the trading volume was again disappointing. Yesterday's decline in British funds was followed by a sharp all-round improvement amounting to three-quarters of a point for Consols and Treasury 2½% issues.

The rise in Industrials was accompanied by a little business but iron, steels, textiles and some miscellaneous leaders benefited.

An advance in copper share prices featured the mining sections, while after a quiet day South African gold shares met with modest support in the late afternoon.

Oil was good throughout, especially Anglo-Iranians, which left off 7/6d higher. Little movement was recorded in foreign bonds apart from German potash issues which, however, closed under the best.

Foreign rails were quiet while elsewhere profit-taking was again encountered in Anglo-Argentine tram debenture stocks after an early rally.—Reuter.

FIRST ZIONIST'S REMAINS

Vienna, Sept. 17. The Austrian Government, complying with a request from the World Jewish Congress, has agreed to transfer to Palestine the remains of Theodor Herzl, founder of Zionism, who is buried in Vienna.

Dr. Herzl, who lived from 1860 to 1904, wrote the pamphlet "Der Judenstaat" in 1896, in which he advocated the establishment of an autonomous Jewish State in Palestine.—Reuter.

DEVALUATION RUMOURS DENIED

London, Sept. 17. Mr. D. C. Abbott, Canadian Minister of Finance, who has been attending the second annual meeting of the International Bank and International Monetary Fund here tonight described as "absolutely without foundation" reports that Canada had decided to de-value the Canadian dollar and to pay a premium on gold production.

"This is an old rumour which is resurrected every few weeks," he added.

Today's version of the report reached London from New York, where it was stated that the rumour was circulating in Wall Street.—Reuter.

"Dev" To Have Talks In London

London, Sept. 17. The Prime Minister of Eire, Mr. Eamon de Valera, and his Finance Minister, Mr. Sean Lemass, will arrive in London on Friday for trade talks with the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, and other ministers.

The talks were described by official quarters as likely to be of a purely trade character but the question of the convertibility of sterling and the vital aspect of the dollar crisis, which affects both countries, may also be discussed.

Mr. de Valera has not visited London in an official capacity since before the war. His projected visit at a time when many Commonwealth representatives are in London for the meeting which ended today of the International Monetary Fund and World Bank, may provide an opportunity for useful exchanges of view on Commonwealth topics of mutual interest to Eire and her sister nations in the Commonwealth.—Reuter.

Vicious Circle In Production

London, Sept. 18. Lord Layton, chairman of the News-Chronicle, in an article about Europe's food shortage today, praised American farmers for having done a wonderful job which "saved Western Europe from disaster."

The article, entitled "This is the Plight of Europe today," stressed the size of the European deficit in broad cereals by pointing out: "Even if the U.S. were to send to Europe every bushel she grows it would be barely sufficient to fill the gap."

Lord Layton said pre-war Europe's wheat of Russia grew more bread cereals than any other continent and filled 80 per cent of her requirements.

"This year Europe will grow only half her pre-war consumption," Lord Layton wrote. "It is, moreover, particularly disturbing that production is materially worse than a year ago with unfavourable weather reducing Europe's harvest by 6,000,000 metric tons."

The article continued: "During and since the war American farmers have done a wonderful job. The wheat crop of the United States, for example, will this year be some 38,000,000 tons compared with an average of 21,000,000 tons in 1933-34. It is the barest truth to say that the increase in America's agricultural production in recent years saved Western Europe from disaster."

"Europe's farmers cannot fill the widening gap between production and requirements until industry can provide tractors and fertilizers and replace war wastage of implements and farm equipment."

Lord Layton concluded: "Until

War Should Be Denied Japan

Wellington, Sept. 17. Japan should be deprived of her "springboards of aggression," a report on the British Commonwealth Conference on the Japanese peace treaty presented to the New Zealand Parliament said today.

New Zealand's chief interest in the Japanese peace settlement was security, the report said.

The record of Japanese atrocities on servicemen and civilians made it imperative that the country's chief aim should be to support the most rigorous security control in Japan.

Setting out the broad lines which the New Zealand delegation should follow in international peace discussions, the report said that while this outline would guide the New Zealand delegation, it could not be considered final because the views of the other Pacific belligerents, especially the United States, had not been definitely stated.

The report said that New Zealand had no substantial investments in Japan to be safeguarded.

New Zealand had no desire to extract large reparation payments, did not wish to cripple Japan's economy needlessly, and did not wish to go out of her way to injure Japanese susceptibilities.

Means And Will

Two of the chief problems involved in ensuring that Japan had no chance of renewing aggression were to remove her physical means of aggression and the will to carry out aggression.

It was evident, the report said, that it would be best to concentrate primarily on making physical disarmament successful and the first and most decisive measure would be to deprive her of her outlying territories—the springboards of aggression.

New Zealand's policy was to press for intimate relationships between the security measures proposed in the treaty and those necessary for general world peace, the report declared.—Reuter.

Marshall Warning To Kremlin

Paris, Sept. 17. The speech at the United Nations General Assembly today by Mr. George Marshall, the United States Secretary of State, is regarded here as the strongest warning that the United States had so far given Russia that the United States is not prepared to allow what she regards as her vital interests to be infringed with impunity.

The open request to Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria to cease helping the Greek guerrilla bands in Greece is seen as particularly significant in this connection.

An official expression of the French Government's view point was not available tonight as the Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bidault, is himself in New York.

The Communist press today accused Mr. Marshall of "betraying the United Nations Organization" of attacking the Soviet Union, and of preparing the ground for settling the German problem without consulting Russia.—Reuter.

FIRST DEFENCE SECRETARY

Washington, Sept. 18. James V. Forrestal today became the United States' first Secretary of Defence—civilian boss of the Army, Navy and Air Forces.

The senior member of President Truman's Cabinet relinquished his duties as Secretary of the Navy at noon and took the oath of his new office from Fred M. Vinson, Chief Justice.—Associated Press.

REVOLT SEQUEL

Havana, Sept. 18. The Army Press Bureau announced that five policemen have been charged with homicide as the result of a two-hour gun battle on Monday in which five persons were killed and 14 wounded.—Associated Press.



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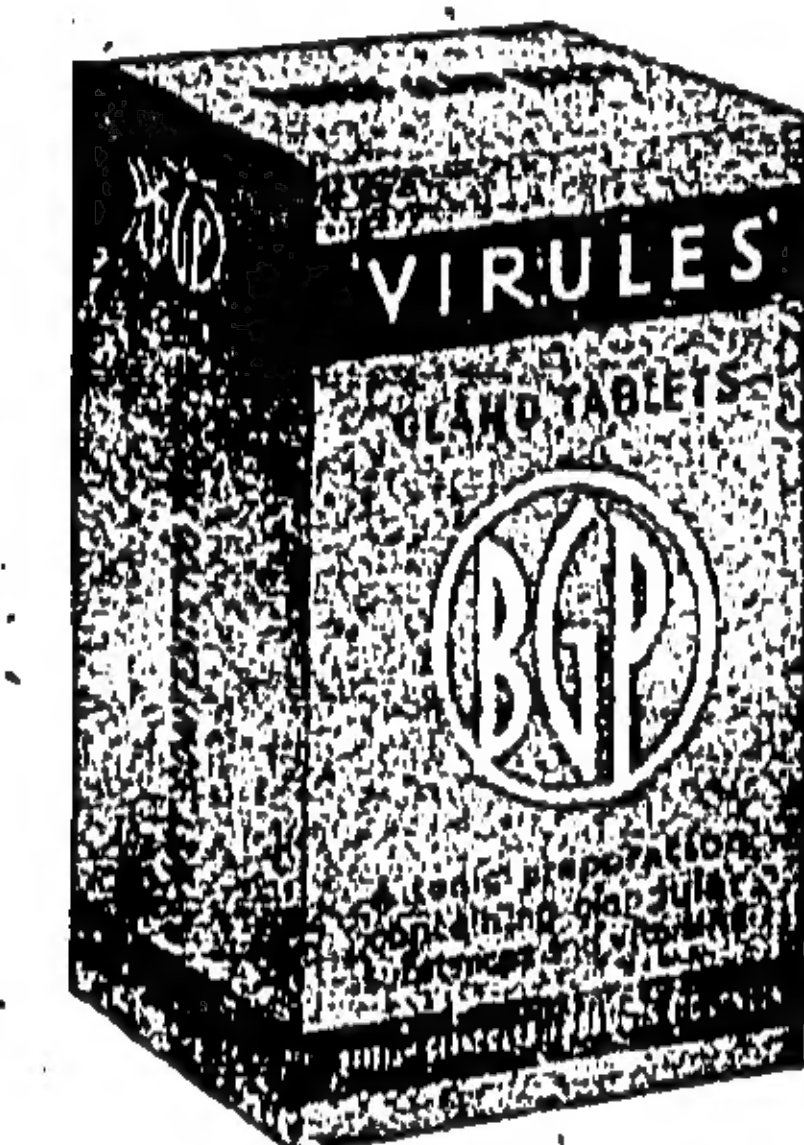
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RE-CONSTRUCTION OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS.

China Underwriters, Limited (hereinafter called "the Company") has applied to the Registrar of Companies for leave to reconstruct its Register of Members, under Section 12 of the Companies (Re-construction of Records) Ordinance, 1947.

The statutory declaration in support of the application and the exhibits thereto (being lists of persons who it is believed are entitled to be registered as shareholders of the Company) can be inspected, on payment of the prescribed fee, in the office of the Registrar of Companies, Supreme Court, Hong Kong. A copy of the statutory declaration and the exhibits thereto may also be inspected at the Company's Head Office during ordinary working hours.

All persons who claim to be entitled to be registered as shareholders of the Company must notify the Company of their FULL NAMES and ADDRESSES, their claim and the evidence upon which it is based WITHIN THREE MONTHS from the 22nd day of September 1947.

Persons who hold Share Certificates and Transfer Deeds (if any) are requested to produce them at the Company's Head Office if they have not already done so. Shareholders who have lost their scrip are requested to write to the Company giving all known particulars of their holding and the circumstances of the loss, when further information will be given as to any further evidence required.

All notices and communications should be addressed to the Company at its Head Office, 4A Des Voeux Road, Central, Hong Kong.

HERBERT R. STURT.

Managing Director.

Hongkong, 19th Sept., 1947.

SINO-BRITISH CLUB

FIRST CONCERT

The first concert of the Music Group of the Sino-British Club will be held at St. Stephen's Girls' College, Hong Kong, on Wednesday, 24th September, at 9.00 p.m.

The programme will consist of vocal and instrumental selections of European and Chinese music by the following artists:—
Caroline Bragg (piano), Cella Hodgman (soprano), Julia Lee (soprano), Gaston d'Aquin (tenor), C.S.M. L. Arbuckle (clarinet), Dr. Au Wai Man (Chinese flute), Cheung Chung and Lam Wan (Chinese violins), the Rainbow Mixed Chorus, and Betty Brown (accompanist).

Admission:—\$5, \$3 and \$2.

Tickets on sale at S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., Chater Road, Hong Kong.

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NOTICE

Will Firms please note that Dollar Directory forms for the 1948 edition should be corrected and completed as soon as possible, and returned to the "CHINA MAIL" Office, Windsor House, without delay.

REVOLUTION IN NAVAL ORDNANCE IS FORECAST

Rockets As Weapons Of Battleships

London, Sept. 17.

The main armament of the battleship in the near future may be guided missiles as a counter to atom bombers, says the latest edition of Jane's Fighting Ships, the principal British book of references on naval vessels, published today. Jane's says that during the past 12 months, publicity has been given to a number of novel weapons, none which has yet made its debut at sea.

Still, it adds, there is no doubt that the temporary suspension of work on the United States ships Kentucky and Hawaii may be ascribed to the intention to incorporate rockets in their armament.

"In a year or two, therefore, the rocket will have graduated as the main weapon of the capital ship, amounting to nothing less than a revolution in naval ordnance," it adds. "Moreover, from official utterances, it would seem that the United States Navy looks to guided missiles of exceptional accuracy and range to counter attacks by aircraft carrying bombs."

"The atomically propelled warship would have no immediate refuelling problems, and the period for which it could stay at sea would be limited only by other and generally less urgent problems, a vital factor if the ship proved less vulnerable than the harbour."

Red Navy

Jane's says that there is plenty of support for belief in the aircraft carrier as the capital ship of the future.

Regarding the post-war dispersal of ex-enemy fleets, the publication says that distribution of the Italian Navy is likely to raise a difficult problem and become a somewhat vexed question.

"It seems probable that some of the smaller Allied powers, notably Greece, may come in for a share of the spoils."

"Distribution has also to be made of nearly 250 destroyers and smaller craft of the Japanese fleet, a matter in which China is known to be closely interested," Jane's adds.

Information concerning the Russian fleet continues to be scanty, Jane's said. A large number of destroyers, submarines, frigates, minesweepers and smaller craft loaned to the Soviet Union are due to be returned to the British and United States Navies during 1947.

Jap. Leviathans

On the other hand, a large proportion of the Finnish fleet reported to have been annexed, and the Russian share of the German naval prizes was a substantial one.

For the first time, details are published of the two Japanese battleships Mutsu and Yamato and Hyogo Ise, the biggest battleships with the biggest guns ever known, which were sunk by the United States forces during the war.

The full load displacement of the Mutsu was believed to have been at least 60,000 tons. The main armament, according to the evidence of various Japanese officers, was nine 18-inch guns.

Anti-aircraft armament was reported as 12 five-inch, 16 47-millimetre guns; two aircraft and two catapults were provided for in the original design.

Neither had aircraft on board when in action off Cape Engano in October, 1944, Jane's states.—Reuter.

WHOPPING CATCH

Moscow, Sept. 17. Soviet whale hunters in the Pacific have completed their most successful season to date with a catch of 380 whales. Soviet press announced. The former record for one season was slightly more than 200 in 1942.—United Press.

NO TELEVISION OF ROYAL WEDDING

London, Sept. 17.

The wedding ceremony of Princess Elizabeth and Lt. Philip Mountbatten at Westminster Abbey on Nov. 20 will not be televised, voices a Court correspondent.

Nor will any newsreel film be taken of the procession within the Abbey, or the Service itself.

These decisions have been taken by the King. They do not, of course, mean that there will be no television or newsreel of the processions to the Abbey and the scenes outside.

A total of about 2,000 guests will be invited to the Abbey.—Reuter.

Red Anger At Bases In Turkey

London, Sept. 17.

The Russian New Times, as broadcast by Moscow Radio yesterday, charged the United States was converting Turkey "at a feverish rate into a base for military adventures in the Near East."

"The dollar loans are to the last cent being spent for armaments," the editorial added. "At the same time the American loans have opened the floodgates for penetration of American dumping goods into the country and this torrent is strangling Turkey's young and weak industry."

The Russian publication charged that promises of American aid to Europe were "becoming more and more useless with every day and American terms more and more harsh and ruthless."

Asserting that the Truman Doctrine was merely an anti-Communist doctrine on the "same line" of the notorious anti-Communist pact, the New Times observed: "The sad economic plight of Great Britain, whose ill-starred leaders entangle her deeper and deeper in Wall Street's net, has by no means been an inspiring event to other countries."—United Press.

GETTING NOWHERE FAST

Vienna, Sept. 17.

Members of the Austrian Treaty Commission, in the absence of the chief delegates, today spent their time in drawing up a list of things upon which they could not agree.

The British spokesman commented:

"It looks as though the Commission were resigned to spending the remainder of its time giving a neat expression to differences which have existed throughout the conference."—Reuter.

WAR CRIMINALS IN MACASSAR

Macassar, Sept. 17.

Of the 41 war criminals tried at Macassar, 21 were sentenced to death, 13 of which have already been carried out. Other punishments ranged from one year to life imprisonment. There are still 80 cases to be tried.—United Press.

Mysterious Wave Of Fires Throughout France

Paris, Sept. 17.

Local authorities all over France were today considering an appeal to the Government to investigate the wave of fires spreading throughout the land, destroying crops and forests.

Five new outbreaks yesterday brought the total to forty in less than a month. Farmers believe they are the work of people infuriated by reports that farmers feed wheat to pigs while the Government puts maize into bread.

Most of the fires have been in Northern France, where the Lille area had 38 in two weeks.

At Schari, south of Paris, about 273 hectares of forest were destroyed, while at Le Mans about 600 hectares of forest land were destroyed.

Near Nancy, crops estimated in value at 10,000,000 francs were burned when the farming village of Arrancy sur Cruignes was half destroyed by fire.

One Arrest

Stocks of coal and wood valued at several million francs were destroyed by fire at Beauvais, in Northern France, while a forest fire at Rouen was still burning today, although firemen were hopeful of getting it under control with the aid of water from an adjacent marsh.

The police at Lille have arrested a man named Fernand Fally and charged him with setting fire to a farm in Fresney, where 40,000 sacks of wheat were destroyed.

Recently, an incendiary in a little village near Amiens had to be rescued by the police when he was attacked by irate peasants after he had set fire to a barn.—Reuter.

TEARING UP THE TRACKS

Berlin, Sept. 18.

The Russians have dismantled for reparations more than 4,375 miles of railroad trackage in Eastern Germany, the German Central Ministry for Transport was quoted by the French licensed newspaper Kurier as saying.

The report said only three of the main railroad lines in the Russian zone of Germany remained double tracked.—Associated Press.

Something New In Destroyers

London, Sept. 17.

The new destroyer H.M.S. Scorpion, at present undergoing trials, is to be commissioned on Sept. 24, the Admiralty announce today.

New developments in warship construction are embodied in the vessel, which was built and engineered by Messrs. J.S. White and Co. of Cowes, Isle of Wight. Scorpion is armed with four 4-inch guns, six smaller guns and two revolving torpedo tubes. Her complement will be approximately 200 officers and men.

The previous destroyer to bear this name was handed over to the Royal Netherlands Navy shortly after the war.—Reuter.

SIAM IN STERLING GROUP

Bangkok, Sept. 18.

Siam has joined the "convertible sterling group" as a result of negotiations between Siam's Foreign and Finance Ministries and British Ambassador Sir John Thompson.

Embassy sources said that the decision makes Siam's considerable holdings, including more than 40,000,000 from rice exports in the last year, usable in 21 Sterling countries. These include the British Commonwealth and Russia.—Associated Press.

Famagusta, Sept. 17. A batch of 198 illegal immigrants left Cyprus for Palestine today as part of the August "quota" permitted to enter the country.—Reuter.

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- (4) underweight, or overweight.
- (5) inflamed gums or mouth.

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The improvement may be very fast—depending on how inadequate your diet was. Start, this very week, on a sound, well-balanced diet. If you stick to it, the chances are you'll feel and look noticeably better—and will never go back to your old youth-stealing eating habits again. But remember, if you still feel tired, nervous, lack resistance, you need a thorough physical check-up by your doctor. He may say you need more vitamins and minerals.



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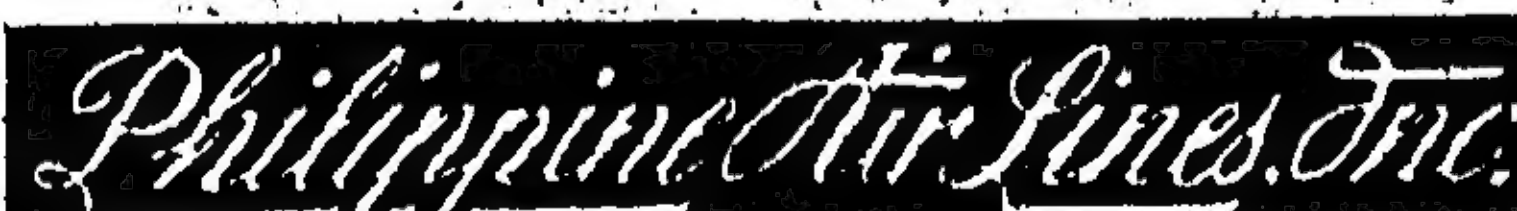
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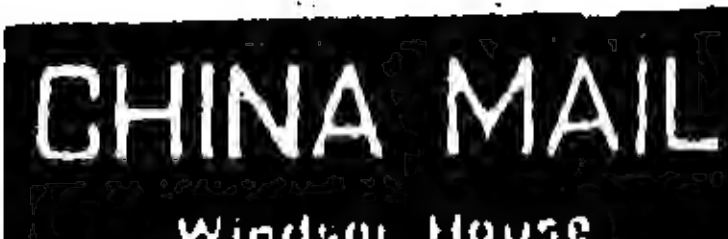
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Angelina Maria Remedios Xavier & children wish to thank their relatives and friends for their kind expressions of sympathy, attendance at the funeral, tributes, messages offered, and donations to charities.

They also wish to thank the Sisters of St. Paul's Hospital and the attending physicians for their kind attention.

PUBLIC RELATIONS
IN HONG KONG

The memorandum of the Institute of Journalists on the manners and habits of the newest of official functionaries, the Public Relations Officer, makes points in criticism of the system as it has developed in London which tend to be equally applicable in Hong Kong. The P.R.O., says the Institute, is beginning to serve the natural aspiration of public bodies to have their virtues and accomplishments publicised and their weaknesses and failures concealed. It adds that the practice of issuing official news in hand-out form threatens to establish a condition approximating to censorship. And it rightly insists that working journalists find difficulty in ensuring accuracy in the presentation of news through the operation of monopolistic tendencies in the control of official sources of information. If that represents anything like the truth about the tone that is set in Britain, circumstances in Hong Kong increase the danger of development along the same disturbing lines, and, in fact, experience has demonstrated that grounds for complaint are already very strong. In Britain, the problems are simplified in that each Department is allotted its own public relations officer, frequently has more than one, and it is to be expected that he is reasonably well informed about all important matters passing under the control of his department and, more often than not, is competent to act directly as a spokesman. The Hong Kong Government's P.R.O. is deprived of that merit and advantage. He is the guardian representative of all Government departments, without being connected intimately with any one of them. The powers of censorship, insofar as they are exercised, reside not in the public relations officer, but in the head of each individual department. Likewise with denial of access and the avoidance of awkward questions. On occasion, it has taken press representatives weeks to get an answer to questions which could and should have been answered in as many minutes. These causes of complaint do not, of course, operate equally throughout the Service. There are heads of departments who are at all times cooperative, who accept the right of the taxpayer to be allowed to know what is going on and readily provide all the information that is required. On the other hand, there is a type of official apparently afflicted with that interesting disease, pressphobia, who approves of the existence of a Public Relations Officer only because he serves as a defence barrier, as an individual behind whom he can hide in refusing information. It is, perhaps, not inappropriate that these facts should be made public, known, and the growing apprehensiveness of the Press revealed. When a new official is about to take over the post of Public Relations Officer in Hong Kong, Wing Commander Marsack comes to this Colony with a good deal of experience behind him in a similar capacity; he may anticipate confidently cordial relations with the Press in Hong Kong. No harm is, however, done by a hint at the outset that there are serious causes of disquiet in the existing structure. Not that the fundamental trouble lies at the door of the P.R.O. either here or in London; but that he can be the most powerful influence in breaking it down.

Peiping Today Is A Shadow Of Its Former Self

By Margaret Bradbury

Peiping—one time shop-window of China, and haunt of many thousands of tourists from all parts of the world each year—is today unmistakably an anti-foreign city. Particularly, Peiping's native resident population, increased in number by Chinese soldiers, is anti-American.

It is not necessary to read the slogans "Get Out U.S. Troops" and "Down With G.I.s" which are boldly chalked on the walls of Peiping to become aware of the intense nationalistic feeling and dislike of the foreigner prevalent among the people. In many ways sections of the Chinese in Peiping (who are themselves ruled with a rod of iron by their own police and military authorities) show

the foreigners they are no longer welcome. This attitude applies largely to the Chinese military and police. All over the city these officials are to be seen carrying out acts which plainly belie the old fashioned English belief that a Government employee is also a public servant. With a supreme indifference to the personal rights of the individual, they stop, interrogate and snarl at any European or American whether on foot or in a vehicle on Peiping's roads.

Soldier's Wrath

While on a short trip out to the famous Summer Palace recently the car in which I travelled was held up and forced to remain at the side of the road at the pleasure of a

Chinese youth in army uniform who allowed its final passage only after half an hour of argument and interrogation. The soldier's wrath had sprung from the fact that the driver of the car did not climb out and stand when he was stopped, and neither did the passenger. On the other hand, a "get the hell out of China" attitude, similar to that existing in Shanghai is slowly but surely fostering among the 5½ thousand Europeans who now make up the 2½ million population of Peiping. How many times during my stay there did I listen to the varying reasons which prevent the departure of people who wish to quit that city.

Rules, regulations and an overpowering atmosphere of corruption and intrigue faces the ordinary foreign citizen who lives there now. Taxes play a large part in the weekly or monthly budgets of the Peiping citizen. There is a 20 per cent tax on food sold in all restaurants plus a percentage on each 1,000 dollars that makes up the entire income. There is a 1½ per cent a month tax for electric street lighting, apart from the interior home lighting payment. A charge for street cleaning is also levied according to each individual's income. Then there are various contributions which must be made to the authorities, such as the Defence of Peiping, the Education of Students, the Erection of anti-invasion posts, the Pruss gang which gathers in unwilling conscripts for the Chinese army, and the contribution to the Police Force.

No Pictures

Photographs are no longer allowed to be taken of many of Peiping's ancient treasures. Before, this practice was encouraged, but now only money can induce the numerous guards in the historic buildings to turn blind eye while the enthusiastic European cameraman snaps Chinese Buddhas worshipped hundreds of years ago, ancestral seats and so on of the various ruling dynasties.

Perhaps one of the first things which would appear changed to a visitor to Peiping is the lack of maintenance apparent in the one time well cared for legation quarter. The grassy area which years ago presented a quiet well tended appearance is now in a depressingly unkempt condition. This situation tends to be somewhat surprising when one remembers that China's background is based on culture and spacious grounds and terraced gardens were always a well cared for feature of its cities.

Prewar residents in Peiping assert that stocks in the local shops are now very low compared to before the war. This of course is due to the strict import and export regulations imposed by the Chinese Government.

Silverwork, brassware, silk and embroidery work however, is plentiful although prices are higher than in Hong Kong. There are no ready made European clothes to be had in Peiping and good material is hard to get there. For instance, a man's suit costs 250 U.S. dollars. If the material is provided by the tailoring shop, shoes are on sale of local make but none is imported. Price for men's shoes averages five U.S. dollars per pair and the quality of leather used is not very good.

Guerilla War

Although fighting between National and Communist forces exists only 30 to 40 miles outside the city and guerilla warfare is carried on near to the city walls, Peiping's population affects complete indifference to the situation. Far more is read about China's civil war and heard over the radio in Hong Kong than is ever seen or heard in Peiping.

Social life in the city is limited to small cocktail parties held in private homes and the entertainment provided by the only one remaining European hotel, the Wagons Lits. This hotel seems to put up a courageous but losing battle against the ever changing moods of the Peiping authorities in the matter of providing catering and amusement for its customers. Permits for dances must first be obtained after negotiation with the police and these are limited to one each week. A few days before my arrival in Peiping and during the stay of Hong Kong school headmistress Miss Margaret Gemmell, who recounted the following: a dance which had been authorized by our country's good friend, the United Press.

London Letter

Thou Shalt Not As A Theme Song

Away back in our school days we were taught that "nature abhors a vacuum." It was just one of those things which our tutors insisted on telling us, but did not explain.

In any case, few of us were sufficiently interested even to ask what was meant by a vacuum. We remained in ignorance and left it at that. We did not even consult a dictionary until in later years we took to doing crosswords and we then discovered that a vacuum is "space empty or devoid of matter." Today, after living through several years of rationing, and after reading in the newspapers the Government's design for living, we realise that each of us is an example of what is meant by a vacuum. We are indeed, or at least it appears that very soon we shall be "space empty or devoid of all matter."

We learn from Government that after gorging gluttonously for several years on meat to the value of no less than fourteen pence a week we must adapt our already atrophied interiors to a weekly carnal intake of merely twelve pence. Fortunately, however there appears to be nothing so far to prevent even the poorest of us from making up for the loss of meat with caviare or quails-in-aspic.

What To Do

Lurking for months behind an iron curtain of secrecy, the Government has at last been forced, not only by the insistence of the public at large but by many of its own supporters, to come out into the

open and tell us what is the actual financial and economic position of the community; and not only that but just what it means to do—which is to say what it wants us, the people, to do.

After listening to a physically large Chancellor of the Exchequer telling us quite recently that after, so to speak, sitting in his countinghouse counting out his money, he had a "song in his heart," and only a few weeks later talking with a sob in his voice like "Tiny Tim" and beseeching God to "Bless us, every one," we now know the worst (sotto voce—do we?).

There is still no positive plan; no specific instruction as to what the country ought to do. Perhaps in the very nature of things there cannot be, but at least we—the vast uninformed multitude of us—know now the negative side, what we shall not be allowed to do; what we shall have to do without.

Thus, (among a score of things present and to come): We shall not be allowed more than the present ration of two ounces of tea per week, and even that may be reduced before long. If so, what the poet called "the cup that cheers but not inebriates" will be too weak to do either.

We shall not be allowed to dodge the rationing of food by staying at hotels for four nights and so avoid giving up ration books. In future two nights will be the limit without surrender of the book. Many of the people who could afford to do so made a practice of so doing, whereby they eased domestic catering difficulties.

We shall not be able to get so much food at restaurants.

No Joy Rides

We shall not be able to go joy riding. There will be no longer a basic allowance of petrol to a car owner. Only what is necessary for "essential purposes" will be issued, supervision of issue will be very strict and pleasure runs will be off. Every motorist, even on his lawful occasions, will be liable to police hold-up and questioning. This petrol restriction will have widespread effects. Many cars will have to be laid up. Only the anti-motorist crank will remain unmoved but Mrs. Brown next door, whose husband cannot afford a car, will be positively delighted! And there will be hundreds more serious and as yet incalculable consequences.

Yet another "Thou shalt not." No longer will it be "the thing" to go to the Continent—say to France, Belgium, Switzerland—for holidays and then come back and tell the neighbours tales of fat-off lands. Of how much more nice and easier life is over there, of how, in Paris, or Brussels or Lucerne the stores are packed with goods unobtainable in this unfortunate, idle, "The drinks old man! Any time of the day and half the night: no restrictions whatever!"

Nylons my dear! You just ought to see them! Alas, the Government is to stop all that. After October 1st there will be a complete ban on foreign travel for pleasure, unless in the sterling areas. For all practical purposes that covers only Eire, and the Channel Islands, for ordinary folk on short vacations.

100 Years Ago

(From the files of the "China Mail")

A book about "China and the Chinese" from the pen of Mr. Henry Charles Sirr, has been published. Mr. Sirr was here during a part of 1846 and 47; he migrated to Ceylon and from there returned to England. It is believed that he is the writer of a series of trashy articles in "The Dublin University Magazine" and also some particularly scurrilous effusions in which he quarrels domestic and financial with people in Ceylon at the same period.

He was but a short time in China, and his observation (with the exception of a few days passed at Canton and on board ship at Whampoa) was limited to Hong Kong—its quabbles and its scandals, of which had a full share. However, with the aid of the scissors, and a few clever works, a book can be vamped up very easily and though Mr. Sirr can know little about the Chinese from personal knowledge, his "two stout octaves" may be very amusing to those who are not in a position to detect the plagiarisms. Mr. Sirr's career in China was rather a humiliating one; and it is to be hoped he has had the good sense to avoid personal subjects with which, at times he was absurdly connected.

For Sale or Charter to any Part of the World: The British Schooner, "Bailey," 142 tons, 1200 horsepower, now lying at Whampoa, for chartering to any part of the world, or for any other purpose, apply to Captain J. H. Turner, 10, Queen's Road, Canton.

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"When Mr. Ponsonby retired he stipulated that the vice presidents each visit him once a week and say, 'Yes, J. B.'"

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

DON'T FIGHT
THE CARDS

When you knowingly place the final contract in a less logical declaration than the soundest one, solely because you think you can play a hand better than your partner, you are in effect fighting the cards. Which is something that simply doesn't pay. This is particularly applicable to those situations in which one member of a pair elects to strive for a No Trump game in preference to a major suit bid by his partner, or, especially if he knows the side has eight cards of the suit.

S. A. K. J. 10 6
H. A. J. 8 7
D. A. 7
C. A. 3
S. 8 4
H. K. 10 6
D. 5 3
C. A. J. 9 6
N. W. F.
S. Q. 7 6
H. Q. 3 2
D. 10 9 6
C. Q. 7 2
S. 9 3 2
H. 9
D. K. J. 8 2
C. K. 10 8 5

(Dealer: North. East-West vulnerable.)

North	East	South	West
1 S	Pass	2 D	Pass
2 H	Pass	3 C	Pass
3 S	Pass	3 NT	Pass

In that bidding North gave South a perfect picture of his hand. His spade ruff made it clear he had five of that suit and only four hearts. South's correct next bid would have been 4 Spades. In that contract nothing could have been lost except two tricks in clubs and one in trumps, as all other losers in North's hand could have been thrown on the diamonds.

But another factor was considered by South—he knew he was a better player of the cards than North. In addition, he liked the idea of a club lead coming up to

the police, complete with permit, was suddenly stopped and broken up by gendarmes who arrived in the hotel lounge and refused to accept the permission given by their own higher authorities.

Tourist Trade Dead

Tourist trade in Peiping compared to prewar days is practically nil. "Before the war, the all-the-year-round" influx of visitors to the city was made up of between 75 to 80 per cent Americans. Poor communications by rail and sea between Peiping and other parts of China is the main reason for the city's isolation from sightseeing travellers.

The most popular form of transport in Peiping is the rickshaw, bicycle or pedicab. These vehicles are to be seen in abundance in all parts of the city. Peiping's tramcars are in a very dilapidated condition compared to Hong Kong, and there are no double decked trams. Also there are now only half the prewar number of cars on the streets and most of them are very old. The sleek, shiny limousines which are seen in the streets of Hong Kong are not to be found in Peiping although I was told that American cars are arriving there slowly.

Electrically lit parts of the city including private homes suffer from a nightly blackout which varies from one hour to four. This is believed to be due to the shortage of spare parts for the equipment used—but nobody in Peiping whom I asked seemed to have any clear idea of all the details.

He did not consider how valuable his heart might be, as a place where one or two of his little trumps might be used, or the usefulness of his strong diamonds to bring in cards. With all these possibilities pointing to the simple playability of the suit contract, he did not think it as safe as the No Trump with a better player at the helm.

He was sorry later, as he struggled vainly for the No Trump game. The heart 5 lead brought the 7 and Q. East shifted to his club Q. South ducked, the covered the 7 with the 8 and the 9 won. West, refusing to help, returned his spade 8 to the A. Followed then five diamond tricks. South hoping West would be squeezed or would discard badly. But he held two aces in hearts and clubs. South then scored the ace K, failing to drop the Q. West trashing a club, then the heart A. West then got the last two tricks with the heart K and club A.

Can you figure out the throw-in South could have worked for the contract, if good enough?

Tomorrow's Problem

S. 8 6 3
H. K. 8 7 3
D. K. 10 9
C. 10 9
S. A. 10 7
H. 8 4
D. 10 9 7 5
C. A. 8 5 3
N. W. F.
S. J. 4
H. Q. 10
D. Q. J. 4 3
C. K. J. 7 4
S. K. Q. 5 2
H. A. 5 2
D. A. 8
C. Q. 6

(Dealer: South. East-West vulnerable.)
What response would you favor by North to South's 1-Spade on this duplicate deal?

No State For Karens

Rangoon, Sept. 17. The Karens, a racial minority from Central Burma, will live in the areas forming a "separate unit within the Union of Burma" when independence is gained, but there will be no Kaffiristan, a separate state, Saw Sam Po Thin, Karen leader, and Burmese Education Minister, said today.

Saw Sam Po Thin, who had just returned from a tour of the Karen areas, said that a Karen Affairs Council would be set up to govern the areas. An agreement to this effect had already been concluded between the Burma Government and leading Karen organizations, and this solution to the problem was satisfactory to the Karen people, most of whom had wholeheartedly decided to "throw in their lot with the Burmese people." He described as "fantastic" the movement for a separate Karen State, led by a former Education Councillor, Saw Ba U Gyi, adding: "It is not only unreasonable, but absolutely impracticable."—Raufer.

Budapest, Sept. 17. The new Hungarian Parliament adjourned indefinitely today after electing Parliamentary committees. The final decisions on the distribution of portfolios in the Cabinet will be made after an inter-party conference tomorrow.—Raufer.



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INCREASED PRODUCTION GOVERNMENT'S DEMAND

Raising Of Output By 10 Per Cent

London, Sept. 17. The Government is to make forthright demands for increased production from the average worker, backed by the report of planning experts that output could be raised by 10 per cent without changing the present working day.

This increase—vital in Britain's drive for increased output to avert an economic catastrophe—could be attained in a wide range of industries, with a greater effort, maximum efficiency in equipment and closer cooperation between industry and employees.

The joint Production Councils, representative of both sides in industry, will be encouraged to speed productivity. The economic information and education services, designed to bring home to the country its plight, will be used more extensively.

The Manchester address of Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade, pointed to the kind of problem the Government, industry and labour must solve.

It was said that in one factory, rearrangement of labour and machinery proved that increased production of 67 per cent could be achieved with the existing labour force. But as part of the rearrangement, the number of men in special occupation had to be reduced from 10 to five.

"Like A Wartime Bombing"

Bridlington, Sept. 17.

Eight German prisoners of war and two British sergeant escorts were killed early today when a lorry in which they were travelling hit the level crossing gates at Burton Agnes station near here just as a non-stop express train from Hull to Bridlington was passing.

An army spokesman at the Northern Command said that "our same reason the driver was unable to stop and the lorry crashed through the gate just as the express was passing through."

"The injured began to shout for help. With the groans of those dying it was like a wartime bombing incident," he added.

The son of the station-master said: "It was a terrible sight. There were injured and dead lying about the permanent way for 70 yards. Some of them were badly injured but were not unconscious. I saw one German with both legs taken off."—Reuter.

Wedemeyer Maintains Silence

Fairfield, Calif., Sept. 17.

Lt. Gen. Albert Wedemeyer landed at Fairfield Army Air Base here at 12:27 p.m. PST today, completing an "easy" 12-hour flight from Honolulu aboard an Air Transport Command C-54 plane.

Gen. Wedemeyer declined to comment on the report he had prepared. He said, patting his brief case, "Sorry. Everything is in here and I will make my report in Washington."

Shortly after landing, Gen. Wedemeyer took off in a light plane for Crissy Field at San Francisco, where he is to be the guest at luncheon of General Mark Clark, commander of the Sixth Army.

Gen. Wedemeyer is to leave for Washington at 7 p.m. PST. In Washington, the State Department estimated the plane would reach the capital at 11:30 a.m. EDT Thursday.—United Press.

Grain Exports To Europe Cut Sharply

Chicago, Sept. 18.

The government today cut sharply its grain and flour exports to shortage areas abroad while consumer resistance to soaring living costs spread to more cities at home.

The Agriculture Department set November export allocations at 788,800 long tons or 29,500,000 bushels of wheat, flour in wheat, equivalent and grain sorghums. This is 35 per cent below October allocations and 43 per cent under the July-October monthly average.

The Department also authorized the November export of 18,876,000 pounds of meat in the last quarter of this year. Officials said the meat export allotment was about one-fourth of one percent of the expected 6,780,000,000 pounds, expected to be produced in that period. The allocation was about the same as for the last quarter.—Associated Press.

Up Against

"The fact that five men became redundant—although there was an acute overall shortage of labour in the industry—led to the turning down of the whole scheme by the operatives so that the nation is that much the poorer in its crisis," Sir Stafford Cripps said.

"We are absolutely up against it, and we have just got to find the way out—and quickly."

The drive for better use of present working hours is apart from other discussions designed to secure longer hours and split shifts in many industries.—Reuter.

Chinese Chairman Of Monetary Fund

London, Sept. 17. The International Bank and Monetary Fund should lay emphasis on reconstructing the war-damaged countries of Europe, Mr. Hugh Dalton, Chancellor of the Exchequer and retiring Chairman, said at today's final session of the twin Bretton Woods institutions.

"Other countries, I am sure, will find in due course that the two institutions are also designed to help them," he said.

Ahmed Zaki Bey Saad of Egypt, one of the 350 delegates from 45 countries at the meeting, stressed the urgency of development in Egypt and the Middle East, where, he said, it was vital that the standard of living of the masses should be raised.

"If, in spite of universal recognition of the need for development loans to under-developed areas, nothing is done in the near future, there is a danger that the hopes which our countries have placed in the Bank and in the Fund will be seriously frustrated," he said.

After the session, Mr. John J. McCloy, President of the Bank and M. Camille Gutt, Managing Director of the Monetary Fund, left for a tour of various European capitals to contact Governments and monetary authorities.

They proposed to include Czechoslovakia, Poland and even non-members such as Sweden and Switzerland in the tour, but not Russia as it was "too far," Mr. McCloy told a press conference.

Chinese Chairman

Mr. Dalton announced that the Bank and Fund would hold next year's meeting in Washington, after which the annual meetings would probably be held alternately in Washington and in a European capital.

GANDHI'S DOCTOR IN LONDON

London, Sept. 17. Mahatma Gandhi's doctor during his visit to London for the Indian Round Table Conference 14 years ago, Dr. C. L. Katial, has been appointed factory surgeon for the City of London—the first Indian to hold this post.

Dr. Katial, a former Mayor of the London borough of Finsbury, was also the first Indian to become an alderman and councillor in the London County Council. He is a consulting physician in London.—Reuter.

DRIFTING STEAMER TOWED IN

Falmouth, Sept. 17.

After being adrift for three days in the Atlantic, the 7,000-ton Pan American steamer, Mary G., was towed into harbour today by the British tug Marlana.

Gale warnings were in force when the Mary G., 170 miles off Land's End, lost her propeller. The Marlana dashed to the rescue from Southampton and the Dutch tug Scheide steamed out from the Bay of Biscay. The Marlana won the race by half an hour.

The skipper of the steamer told a reporter at Falmouth that his ship was completely helpless when the propeller was lost.—Reuter.

Two Halves Of Same Apple

Washington, Sept. 18.

New demands arose on Capitol Hill today for the Administration to weigh its foreign aid programme against soaring prices at home.

But even as many lawmakers were voicing doubt that a special session of Congress should be convened to consider emergency help abroad, the State Department heard its third urgent plea from Italy that the fate of that country hangs on additional American assistance before this year ends.

Senator Lodge, Republican of Massachusetts, recently returned from a six weeks tour of Europe, summed up what appeared to be growing sentiment among Congress members that prices at home and demands for help abroad are "two halves of the same apple."—Associated Press.

Death Demanded For Nazi "Brains"

Nuernburg, Sept. 17.

The United States prosecution today demanded the death penalty for 18 of Himmler's chief SS concentration camp administrators, on trial before the war crimes court here charged with responsibility for the death and torture of 10,000,000 opponents of the Nazi Reich.

The demand for the death sentence came as the prosecution wound up its six months' case against SS Lieutenant General Oswald Pohl and his assistants who controlled the Nazi organization which administered the concentration camps.

"Pohl and his office chiefs were the brains of the concentration camp organization, and made it successful from the Nazi standpoint," Mr. C.E.A. Robbins, the United States prosecutor said.

"Under their direction, every conceivable crime was committed." Mr. Robbins said the men supervised the collection of gold teeth and valuables from the inmates whom they had murdered. "They were only performing their duty," was retorted by Mr. Robbins when he retorted that they were not forced to display energy and administrative skill to become the top leaders in Pohl's organization, which operated more than 400 notorious camps and execution sites.—Reuter.

U.S. Knows Nothing About It

Washington, Sept. 18.

Under-Secretary of State Robert Lovett said today that the United States has received no indication that China might boycott a conference on drafting the Japanese peace treaty if Russia fails to take part.

Lovett, answering a news conference question, said he could not say yet whether an 11-nation Japanese peace conference might be called while the United Nations General Assembly is meeting in New York. A reporter remarked that Chinese officials have been reported as saying that they will have to consider carefully whether to attend a conference if Russia remains absent. Lovett said the Department has received no indications of a Chinese boycott. Russia has said she wants the Big Four—the United States, Britain, China and herself—to draw up at least a preliminary draft of a peace plan. The United States favors participation by all the nations which fought Japan.—Associated Press.

Lisbon, Sept. 18. A government decree prohibited the import of used, or re-built, typewriters because, the decree said, plenty of new machines could now be had.—United Press.

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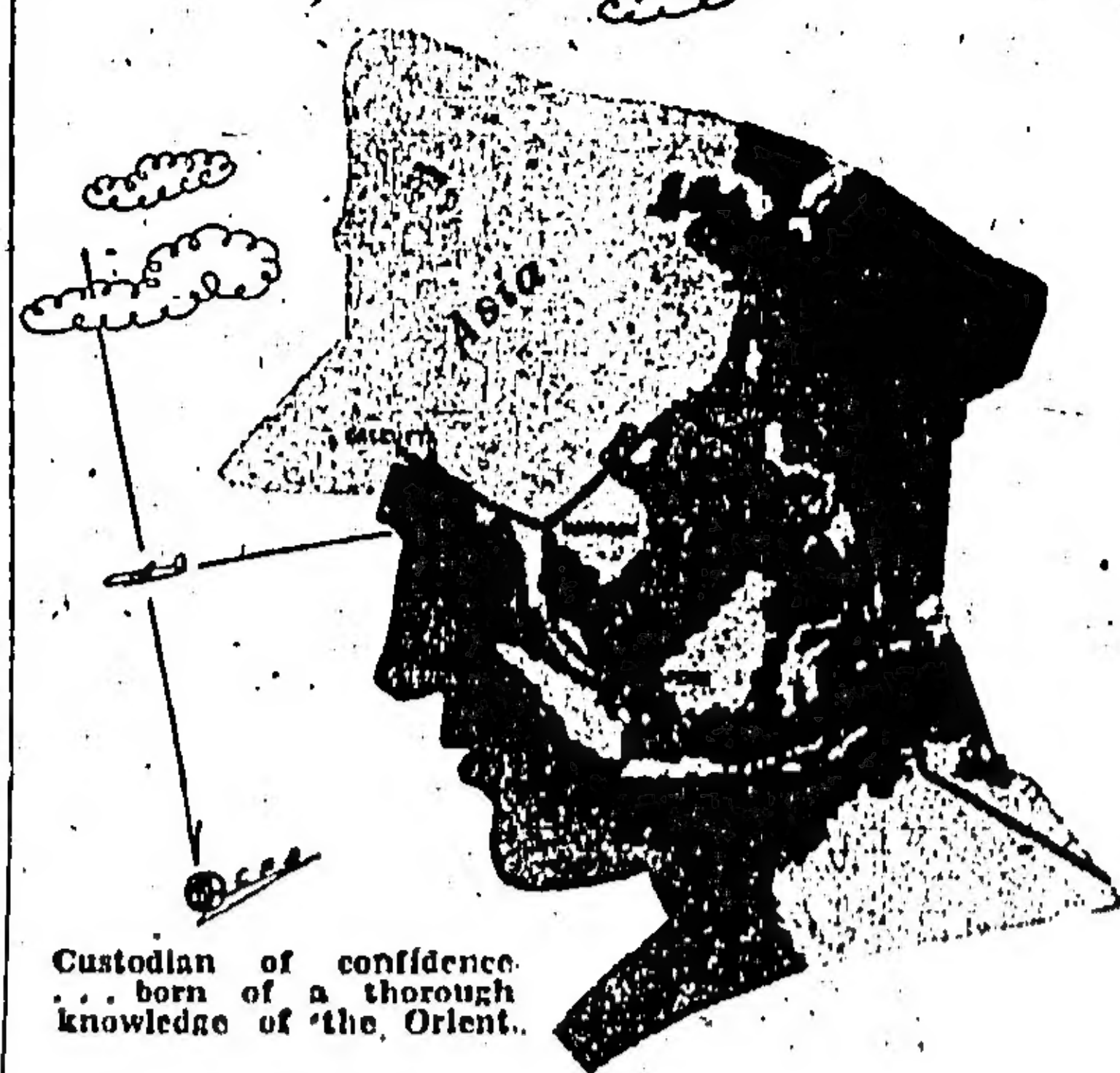
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RIGHTS OF APPEAL ON INCOME TAX DUES: REVIEW BOARD SET UP

Announcing that assessment work may start within a month, Commissioner of Inland Revenue Mr. Pudney yesterday issued a statement explaining what right of appeal taxpayers have against assessments made on them. Mr. Pudney also disclosed that 20 unofficial members of the community have been selected to serve on Boards of Review to which a dissatisfied taxpayer appeal. A Board would consist of four members—a lawyer, an accountant and two businessmen.

Of the estimated \$30,000,000 expected from taxpayers, \$2,250,000 will come from between 30,000 and 40,000 property owners, said the Commissioner. He also estimated that 5,000 individuals would be liable to Salaries and Annuities Tax, and about 20,000 firms to Profits Tax.

The statement issued by the Commissioner yesterday, read in part: "Any person aggrieved by an assessment made on him has the right of appeal, in the first instance, to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue himself. This right, like the right of appeal generally, applies to any of the four taxes imposed by the Inland Revenue Ordinance. There are no restrictions as to the grounds of appeal, which may be made on a question of fact or of law or of fact."

On Fact

"Appeals on a question of fact may, for example, be grounded on a contention that the assessment was made under the wrong Chapter or that all values granted by law had not been given effect to; that the income charged should have been exempted under the various exemption provisions; that various deductions allowed by law have not been allowed in the assessment; or that the assessment has been based on accounts for a period not permitted by the law."

"Appeals on a question of fact may be grounded upon, for instance, a contention that the true income was different from that shown by the Assessor; that certain payments disallowed were, in fact, wholly and exclusively incurred in the production of the profits; that certain expenditure which the Assessor had treated as capital expenditure was, in fact, revenue expenditure; that accounts rejected by the Assessor as inadequate or unsatisfactory were, in fact, correct; that depreciation should have been allowed at a higher rate than that actually granted; or that a child in respect of whom the Assessor had rejected a claim for an allowance, was in fact a child of the taxpayer within the meaning of Section 43 (2) (c)."

"If any person wishes to appeal he should notify the Commissioner in writing within one month from the date of the Notice of Assessments. He should state the grounds for his objection. If he fails to state these grounds, his notice is not valid; i.e., it does not constitute a Notice of Appeal. Taxpayers will have the opportunity of appearing either in person or by an authorised representative before the Commissioner who will hear the case of the Appellant and the Assessor and either confirm, amend or refer back the assessment. Normally, his decision

will be given at the close of the hearing, but if, during the course of the hearing any new evidence is brought forward which was not in the original assessment or Notice of Appeal, the Commissioner may defer his findings or adjourn the case to a later date.

"If a taxpayer is dissatisfied with the decision of the Commissioner on appeal, a further right is given of appeal to the Board of Review. This Board has been selected from a panel of 20 unofficial members of the community for their knowledge of taxation, law and business matters generally. Any person wishing to appeal to the Board of Review should declare orally his dissatisfaction with the decision of the Commissioner immediately after the Commissioner has announced his decision, or he should communicate it in writing to the Commissioner within one week of the announcement."

Bound

"In such a case, the Commissioner is bound to transmit in writing to the Appellant or his authorised representative, his decision and the reasons therefor, whereupon the Appellant may give notice of appeal to the Board of Review. Such notice should be given in writing to the Clerk to the Board of Review, and must be accompanied by a copy of the Commissioner's written determination and a statement of the grounds of appeal therefrom."

"All such appeals are heard in camera and taxpayers need have no fears that their private affairs may be made public in the event of appeal. The onus of proving that the assessment is excessive is on the Appellant."

"Any person who wishes to appeal to the Supreme Court should, within one month of the decision of the Board of Review, make application in writing to the Board to state a case for the opinion of the Supreme Court. Such an application must be accompanied by a fee of \$50. On receipt of an application, the Board of Review is bound to state a case setting forth its decision and its reasons therefor. This case stated, will be supplied to the Appellant who, if he wishes to pursue the appeal must transmit it to the Supreme Court within fourteen days after receiving it."

Judge's Power

Any Judge of the Supreme Court has the power to hear and determine any question of law arising out of the stated case and may, in accordance with the decision of the Court, confirm, reduce, increase or cancel the assessment or may return the case to the Board of Review with the opinion of the Court thereon. In the latter instance, the Board is bound to

revise the assessment as the opinion of the Court may require.

"The Staff of the Inland Revenue Department have been instructed to give taxpayers who wish to appeal against their assessments every possible assistance and advice regarding the procedure to be adopted, whether on appeal to the Commissioner, the Board of Review or the Supreme Court."

"I again ask the public to quote the file numbers in all correspondence with this Department and to enclose it on any enclosures such as accounts which they may submit. Although the Department may call for 'certified accounts,' it is not necessary that the accounts should be certified by an Independent Auditor, although in many cases it may be desirable. It is being suggested to merchants by a number of interested persons, that accounts must be certified by Independent Auditors before being acceptable to this Department and that unless they are so certified they will be rejected."

Small Firms

"This is not so, especially in the case of small businesses, to whom the burden of accountants' charges might be heavy. If, of course, a firm has an outside Auditor, then his certification would carry more weight with this Department than that of the taxpayer himself."

"The Demand Notes for Property Tax in respect of the New Territories urban areas Tai Po, Tin Long and Tsan Wan have now been issued. These demand notes are payable at the Land Office in Tai Po, Ping Shan and at the Head Office of the District Officer New Territories, Kowloon Magistracy, respectively."

"Persons, whether individuals, partnerships, or companies, who are liable to Profits Tax and who have not already received a Return Form should now apply for a form to the Inland Revenue Department. Under section 52 (2) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance, 1947, persons chargeable with tax who have not received a Return Form within three months after the commencement of the financial year, are required to notify the Commissioner that they are so chargeable."

"Individuals liable to Salaries and Annuities Tax need not yet apply since individual Return Forms under this tax have not yet all been sent out."

Forms

"All persons employing individuals who may be liable to Salaries and Annuities Tax, if they have not already received a form requiring them to return the income of these employees, are requested to notify the Commissioner immediately."

"Those persons who have received return forms but have not yet completed and submitted them to this Department should submit them by the due date even though they may have incurred losses, or their profits are insufficient to make them liable to tax. If the due date is already passed they should submit their return immediately, or if further time is required, apply for an extension."

"Under the powers granted by Section 89 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance, 1947, H.E. the Governor in Council has granted exemption from the payment of tax to schools in receipt of a grant-in-aid or subsidy from the Education Department. In order to qualify for such exemption a school must have received either a grant-in-aid or subsidy in respect of the whole of the basic period for the year of assessment, i.e., normally, the whole of the year prior to the year of assessment, this being the year on the results of which tax is charged. Schools not in receipt of a grant-in-aid or subsidy and schools run for private profit are, of course, liable to tax in the same way as any other business."

VISIT TO PRAGUE

London, Sept. 17.
M. Francis Hala, Czechoslovak Postmaster-General and acting chairman of the Christian Democratic Party, left here by air today for Prague after a short visit, during which he met the British Secretary, Mr. Ernest Davis, other leading statesmen and members of the Catholic clergy.—Reuter.

Louis Gets In Shape



On December 5 at Madison Square Garden Joe Louis will defend his world heavyweight title against Jersey Joe Walcott. Here, as a training precaution against face cuts, Louis gets a coating of vaseline from Trainer Mammie Seamon.

CRICKET AVERAGES

London, Sept. 18.
The dominating influence of the Middlesex pair, Denis Compton and Bill Edrich, on the 1947 cricket season is clearly shown by their figures, which place them first and second in the first class batting averages.

Scoring 3,816 runs and making 18 centuries, Compton set new figures for the highest aggregate in a season, beating Tom Hayward's 3,518 in 1936, and for the most hundreds, surpassing Jack Hobbs' 16 in 1925.

Edrich also passed Hayward's total, and the pair provided the first instance of two batsmen from one county exceeding 3,000 in the same season.

Compton's average of 90.85 has been bettered, instances being Don Bradman's 115.06 when the Australians were in England in 1938, and Herbert Sutcliffe's 90.96 in 1931.

Another remarkable achievement was that of Tom Goddard, 40-year-old Gloucestershire off-spin bowler, who took 238 wickets for 17.30 each, despite the prevailing hard wickets.

Three men completed the 1,000 runs-100 wickets double. First, as in 1946, was R. H. Horwath, of Worcestershire, the other two being the Essex cousins, Ray and Peter Smith.

The first 12 in the averages were:

BATTING (QUALIFICATION EIGHT INNINGS)				
	Inns.	Not out	Runs	Highest Average
Denis Compton (Middlesex)	50	8	3,816	90.85
W. J. Edrich (Middlesex)	52	8	3,539	80.43
E. Lester (Yorkshire)	11	2	667	74.00
C. Washbrook (Lancs.)	47	8	2,652	65.55
Leslie Ames (Kent)	42	7	2,272	61.20
Joe Hardstaff (Notts)	44	7	2,200	52.11
Len Hutton (Yorkshire)	44	4	2,585	57.00
W. P. Fraser (Lancs.)	47	7	2,501	56.60
M. P. Donnelly (Oxford)	30	6	1,488	52.00
M. M. Walcott (Somerset)	18	2	971	60.68
J. D. Robertson (Middlesex)	57	4	2,700	52.07
J. R. Thompson (Warwick)	8	0	378	47.25

BOWLING (QUALIFICATION TEN WICKETS)				
	Over	Runs	W.	Average
J. C. Clay (Glamorgan)	495.3	120	1,069	16.44
T. Goddard (Glos)	1,461.2	344	4,110	16.44
J. A. Young (Middlesex)	1,291.1	410	2,705	17.38
W. Bowes (Yorks)	700	275	1,277	17.38
R. Horwath (Worcester)	1,264	375	2,020	17.85
C. Lamer (Surrey)	575.5	135	1,420	17.97
G. H. Pope (Derby)	780.1	180	2,096	18.38
C. J. Barnett (Glos)	350	102	937	18.74
L. B. Muncer (Glamorgan)	802.2	203	2,018	18.85
R. Aspinall (Yorks)	225	37	602	16.22
J. Bedford (Middlesex)	168.5	35	484	13.82

Dramatic Reprieve For Mutineers

Singapore, Sept. 18.
A long-distance call yesterday from Mr. J. A. Thivy, India's representative in Malaya, to Lieut-General Sir Neil Ritchie, Commanding Far East Land Forces, caused the military authorities here to postpone the hanging of five Indian mutineers, which was to have been carried out at Outram Road gaol at 7 o'clock (local time) this morning.

This explanation by an Indian soldier stationed on Christmas Island at the time of the mutiny, were convicted by a general court martial after a ten-week trial which ended on March 13 last. It was stated that they murdered their Commanding Officer and four non-commissioned officers in their beds shortly before the Japanese landed on the island in 1942.—Reuter.

The five men, now being held in Outram Road gaol, are members of the Hong Kong and Singapore Royal Artillery. A sixth man, a runner named Nias Ali, has already been released, as the King withheld confirmation of the findings and sentence in his case.

The condemned men are: Nek Ghalam, Quader, Niaz, Nazir Hussain, Gunner Bher Mohamed, Gunner Mohamed Hussain, and Gunner Aliqul Durrani.

The men, among twenty Indian soldiers, are holding the Finals of their Annual Swimming Sports in the European Y.M.C.A., Kowloon next Saturday, Sept. 20 at 9.00 p.m.

The Challenge Shields and Certificates will be presented at the conclusion of the Sports by the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham.

PRESTON JOINS ARSENAL TO LEAD SOCCER TABLE

London, Sept. 17.
Unbeaten since the opening day of the season, with six wins and a draw to their credit, Preston North End, 2-1 winners over luckless Stoke City tonight, join Arsenal as leaders of the First Division table. The London club take pride of place on goal average.

The supplanting of Queen's Park Rangers by Bournemouth at the Third Division Southern table was another feature of the last big mid-week programme in which 24 League matches attracted nearly half a million people.

The Second Division match between Newcastle and Birmingham drew 55,000 people—the highest gate.

Sunderland had one of the over 30,000 crowds, who saw Tommy Lawton, England centre forward on the transfer list, take his only chance and win the game for Chelsea by the odd goal of five.

While Stoke City lost their sixth game, running, Barnsley after defeat, won with a late goal at Fulham, Nottingham Forest, too, turned the corner, the return of Brown, their England international forward, coinciding with their first win after six reverses.

West Palm Beach, Florida, Sept. 18.
A great hurricane, with winds of 125 miles an hour, smashed down on Florida's gold coast, scarring the Miami-Palm Beach resort area and spreading havoc half the length of the State.

Teen-age boys were reported to be looting Miami and West Palm Beach stores that had been burst open by winds and high water.

Five boats left in Biscayne Bay by storm-scrapped owners were stripped of everything above deck. A house reportedly collapsed on a family at Pompano Beach.

The storm struck on a 200-mile stretch of the coast front and rolled on westward across the Florida peninsula on its way into the Gulf of Mexico.

Its centre passed inland just south of Fort Lauderdale, midway between here and Miami.

At 3.30 p.m. it was 25 miles northwest of Miami, moving at ten miles an hour toward the West Coast below Fort Myers, where it was expected to hit the gulf.

A message from aboard USS Missouri—says that President Truman today ordered the Federal Works Administration to make surplus Government property available to Florida cities for hurricane relief.—United Press, Associated Press & Reuter.

U.S. Baseball

New York, Sept. 18.
Results of today's baseball fixtures were:

American League

Chicago 5, N.Y. 7
Winning pitcher Alvin Reynolds.
St. Louis (1st game) 0, Boston 2
Winning pitcher Bob Muehle.
St. Louis (2nd game) 0, Boston 1
Winning pitcher Joe Dobson.
Detroit (1st game) 4, Philadelphia 3
Winning pitcher Christopher.
Detroit (2nd game) 6, Philadelphia 7
Winning pitcher Phil Mather.

National League

Philadelphia 4, Cincinnati 14
Winning pitcher J. Vonder Meer.
New York (1st game) 0, Chicago 3
Winning pitcher Joe Beggs.
New York (2nd game) 10, Chicago 13
Winning pitcher Mearns.
—Associated Press.

FOOTBALL

A lengthy programme of seven-a-side football games was going through smoothly at the Hong Kong Football Club ground, when the best game of the afternoon was that between Kilt Chee and the Inlanders; which the former won by the odd goal of three, the winning goal of which was a penalty.

Buffa had a hard fought game with R.A.F. and won by the odd goal in three.

Sing Tao, holders of the Shield, surprised Navy "B" (Suzoox) by winning by three clear goals.

The following were the results:

	R.A.F.	Navy	Suzoox	Police	Police	Police	Police	Police	Police
Devon	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Leeds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Drunken Pilot Caused Air Disaster

New York, Sept. 17.
The District Attorney today charged that a drunken pilot was at the controls of the American Airlines DC-3 plane which plunged into Hoboken Bay off LaGuardia Field on Aug. 8, killing 35 men aboard.

The District Attorney, Charles Sullivan, immediately started an investigation into the crash, where the criminal negligence rests.

Mr. Sullivan quoted an official autopsy report that the body of the dead pilot, Captain Walter Davidson, 34, of Wantagh, New York, contained a "large amount" of alcohol.

Ralph Damon, President of American Airlines, today issued a statement saying, "American Airlines absolutely denies there was any possibility of flight impairment due to alcohol under normal conditions."—United Press.

Entries For Happy Valley Races

The following entries have been received by the Jockey Club for the Eighth Extra Race Meeting, to be held at Happy Valley on Saturday, Sept. 27:—

1st Race—Point Neplan Stakes. 1 1/4 mile. Class 1. Entries: (145), Burge (153), Emperors Gato (153), Happy Season (150), Kingfisher (150), Lola Sapola (150), Ruby Star (145), Sunny (150).

2nd & 7th Races—Gosford Handicap. 1 1/4 mile. Class 1. Entries: Al Fresco, Arabian Moon, Argus, Blue Peter, Burgomaster, Canary, Cassie, Crown Witness, Eastern Diamond, Emerald, Fat Choy, Flying Arrow, Flying Wheel, Golden Wheel, Honeybee, Kookaburra, Miami Beauty, Mid-Express, Peacock, Peggy, Souvenir Totipot.

3rd & 6th Races—Vaucluse Handicap. 1 1/4 mile. Class 1. Entries: Argentine Moon, Cooper, Elmer, Fifth Alarm, Happy Valley, Hot Pollard, Hurricane, Jockey King, Lightning, Lucky Strike, Master, Red Fox, Rose, Emma, Royal Commission, Shanghai Beauty, Spanish Onion, Speed, Sinner, Sunshine, The Wolf, Thunderbolt, V.J. Day, Whirlaway, Wilhelmina, Young King.

4th Race—1 1/4 mile. Class 1. Entries: (145), Blackie (153), Jadestone (145), Jinx (148), Mastermind (late Jeep Fat) (135), Tunny (153).

5th Race—Autumn Plate. 8 furlongs. Class 1. Entries: Beauty Cooper, Daisy Bell, Jeep Lee, Kim, Shannon, Sookunpois, Sunlight.

Sing Tao Beaten By Bromley 3-1

London, Sept. 17.
The Sing Tao Sports Club, of Hong Kong, were beaten by Bromley by three goals to one in a soccer match here tonight. At half time the teams were level, each having scored once.

Sing Tao opened the scoring after ten minutes play, a free kick just outside the penalty area being taken by their right half, who hit the crossbar with a terrific shot, the ball rebounding to the inside right, Fung King-cheong, who placed it well clear of the goalkeeper into the net.

The Chinese club were playing fast, clever football, their ground work and passing, considering the hard pitch and light ball, being delightful to watch, but after a further 15 minutes play Bromley drew level through Brown.

Tired Out

In the second half the Chinese players started as if they were going to overwhelm Bromley, their wingers being particularly clever, but all the forwards required for too much time for their final shot.

However, after they had faded and Bromley went ahead with goals by Fuller and Cooper.

CYCLING REWARDS

Paris, Sept. 17.
Thirteen million francs remain to be distributed among the federations which competed in the world cycling championships here and in Rheims on July and August last. It was announced here today by the International Cyclists Union, which has just finished tallying up receipts and deducting taxes.—Reuter.

Anti-U.S. Feeling Sensed In Orient

New York, Sept. 18.
Rising nationalism has resulted in the development of anti-American commercial discrimination throughout the Orient, said Bernard G. Davis, publisher, after a 10-week business survey of Asia.

He summarized his findings in an article in the current issue of "Banking," under the title of "Asia's Not So Open Door."

Davis reported that only in Siam does American commerce appear to be sincerely welcomed.

He wrote that China's economic life is being strangled against the United States' businessmen to discourage them, with the immediate objective of preventing loss of foreign exchange for imports, and a long range objective of discouraging all foreign trade done by business in China.

He found gloomy prospects for American business even in the Philippines, where America is supposed to be a favored nation.

Even in Japan, under the

iron rule of General Douglas MacArthur, Davis said, the American businessman encounters formidable difficulties. Possibilities for American enterprise for Japan are considered more solid and more promising for the immediate future than any other spot in the Orient.

Davis added.—Associated Press.